## Skills from previous math classes that you need to self-review for Math 1B

## From Algebra:

Quadratic functions
Graphing
Factoring
Quadratic formula
Discriminant \& its uses (roots, intercepts, factoring into reals, factoring into rationals)
Completing the square
Negative and fractional exponents
Graphs of systems of inequalities
Rational expressions
Add / subtract
Polynomial long division

## From Geometry:

Areas
Triangles / parallelograms / trapezoids / circles / sectors
Similarity

## From Trigonometry:

Sine / cosine / tangent of special angles on unit circle
Inverse sine / cosine / tangent of special values
Pythagorean / reciprocal / quotient / negative angle / co-function identities
Double angle / sum \& difference of angles identities

## From Precalculus:

Graphs of basic functions (domain, range, intercepts, asymptotes, long run behavior)

| Power | $y=x^{n}(n$ could be positive or negative, even or odd or reciprocal of integer) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Exponential | $y=b^{x}(b$ could be greater than or less than 1) |
| Logarithmic | $y=\log _{b} x(b$ could be greater than or less than 1) |
| Trigonometric | $y=\sin x, y=\cos x, y=\tan x, y=\csc x, y=\sec x$ or $y=\cot x$ |
| Inverse trigonometric | $y=\sin ^{-1} x, y=\cos ^{-1} x$ or $y=\tan ^{-1} x$ |

Graphs of basic conics
Circles / ellipses / parabolas
Single step transformations of functions \& graphs (relationship between algebraic \& graphical transformations)
Horizontal / vertical
Shift / reflect / stretch \& compress
Symmetry of functions \& graphs (relationship between algebraic \& graphical symmetry)
Even / odd
Sigma notation for series

## From Calculus:

Limits (especially involving infinity)
Continuity
Derivatives
Linear approximations
L'Hopital's rule
Anti-derivatives

# Unless stated otherwise, you must be able to solve these without using your calculator <br> All answers must be completely simplified 

[2] Solve $3 x^{2}-2 x=9$.
[3] Find the discriminant of $122 x^{2}-111 x+25$. (Use your calculator.)
What does it tell you about the graph of $f(x)=122 x^{2}-111 x+25$ ?
What does it tell you about the roots of the equation $122 x^{2}-111 x+25=0$ ?
What does it tell you about how $122 x^{2}-111 x+25$ can be factored ?
[4] Complete the square for $-x^{2}+26 x-2$.
[5] Find $81^{-\frac{3}{4}}$.
[6] Simplify $\frac{x^{-\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$.

$$
2 x-y<4
$$

Graph the solution set of $x>y^{2}-1$.

$$
x<0
$$

Add and simplify $\frac{x-7}{x^{2}-4 x+3}+\frac{x+7}{x^{2}-x-6}$.
[9] Perform the long division $\frac{x^{4}-x^{3}-x^{2}}{x^{2}+2 x+5}$.
[17] If $\sin x=\frac{1}{3}$ and $\cos y=\frac{2}{3}$, find $\sin (y-x)$ and $\cos (x+y)$.
[18] Determine algebraically if $f(x)=\tan x-\csc x$ is symmetric about the $y$-axis, about the origin or neither.
Determine algebraically if $f(x)=\sec x-\cot x$ is even, odd or neither.
[20] Fill in the following table with all entries that have exact values. Also, identify the entries which do not exist.

| $x=$ | $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ | $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ | $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ | $-\sqrt{3}$ | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | -1 | 0 | 1 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\tan ^{-1} x=$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cos ^{-1} x=$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[21]
Sketch the general shape and position of the following graphs. Do not worry about specific $x-$ and $y$ - coordinates.

| $y=x^{5}$ | $y=x^{-4}$ | $y=x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y=e^{x}$ | $y=0.5^{x}$ |  |
| $y=\ln x$ | $y=\log _{0.4} x$ |  |
| $y=\cos x$ | $y=\tan x$ | $y=\csc x$ |
| $y=\sin ^{-1} x$ | $y=\cos ^{-1} x$ | $y=\tan ^{-1} x$ |
| $4 x^{2}+9 y^{2}=36$ | $x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x+8 y=0$ |  |

[22] The graph of $f(x)$ is shown on the right. Sketch the following graphs.
$y=f(x)-2$
$y=f(x+2)$
$y=f(2 x)$
$y=2 f(x)$
$y=f(-x)$
$y=-f(x)$

[23] Write the series $\frac{3}{2^{2} \cdot 4^{0}}+\frac{4}{3^{2} \cdot 4^{1}}+\frac{5}{4^{2} \cdot 4^{2}}+\frac{6}{5^{2} \cdot 4^{3}}+\frac{7}{6^{2} \cdot 4^{4}}+\frac{8}{7^{2} \cdot 4^{5}}$ in sigma notation.
[24] Find the following limits. Each answer should either be a specific number, $\infty$, $-\infty$, or DNE (does not exist) only if the other three types of answers do not apply.
[a] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow-\infty} x^{6}$
[b] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-2}$
[c] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow-\infty} x^{-5}$
[d] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{-}} x^{-4}$
[e] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow-\infty} e^{x}$
[f] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{x}$
[g] $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \csc x$
[h] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^{-}} \tan x$
[i] $\lim _{x \rightarrow-1^{-}} \frac{x+2}{1-x^{2}}$
[j] $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-2}{(1-x)^{2}}$
[k] $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{+}} \frac{1}{\ln x}$
[1] $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{\ln x}$
[m] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-2} e^{x}$
[n] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} x e^{-x}$
[o] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{3+2 x^{2}}}$
[p] $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \tan ^{-1} x$
[25] Over what interval(s) are the following functions continuous?
[a] $\quad f(x)=x^{3}$
[b] $\quad f(x)=x^{-2}$
[c]
[d] $\quad f(x)=e^{3 x}$
[e] $\quad f(x)=\ln x$
[f]
$f(x)=\sin x$
[g] $\quad f(x)=\tan x$
[h] $\quad f(x)=\csc x$
[i] $\quad f(x)=\frac{x+2}{x^{2}-5 x-6}$
[j] $\quad f(x)=\frac{1}{\ln x}$
[26] Find the derivatives of the following functions.
[a] $\quad f(x)=e^{\cos ^{2} x}$
[b] $\quad f(x)=\sqrt[3]{x}(\ln x)^{2}$
[c] $\quad f(x)=\frac{\arctan x^{2}}{\sec 2 x}$
[27] Find the general antiderivatives of the following functions.
[a] $\quad f(x)=\left(2-5 x^{3}\right)^{2}$
[b]
b] $\quad f(x)=\sin x-\cos x$
[c] $\quad f(x)=e^{x}+e^{-x}$
[d] $\quad f(x)=\csc ^{2} x$
[e] $\quad f(x)=\frac{4}{x^{5}}-\frac{4}{x}-\frac{4}{\sqrt[5]{x}}$ [f] $\quad f(x)=\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}$
[28] Use a linear approximation to $f(x)=\tan x$ at $x=\frac{\pi}{3}$ to approximate $\tan 1$.
[29] Suppose the following statement is a fact: "If today is Monday, the drugstore is having a sale on energy drinks today".
Based on that statement, what can you conclude in each of the following situations?
[a] Today is Tuesday.
[b] The drugstore is not having a sale on energy drinks today.
[c] Today is Monday.
[d] The drugstore is having a sale on energy drinks today.

## HINT:

The questions above involve material from the following classes.

Geometry:
Algebra:
Precalculus I:
Trigonometry:
Precalculus III:
Calculus I:
[11]-[12]
Math 114 [1]-[6], [8]-[9], [11]
Math 41 [18]-[19], [21]-[22]
Math 42 [10], [13]-[21]
Math 43 [7], [19], [21], [23]
Math 1A [24]-[28]

## NOTE:

There is no solution key for this prerequisite package since it only involves material that you have learned before.
You are encouraged to work together with your classmates, and to consult your old textbooks and notes.
Feel free to ask me to look over your solutions, or to direct you to relevant sections in your old textbooks.
However, I will not give solutions to any questions.

